

The Weather
For Florida: Generally fair Sunday and Monday; colder Sunday in northwest portion; gentle northwest winds.
Highest temperature yesterday, 73 degrees; lowest, 60 degrees.

The Pensacola Journal.

THE PENSACOLA JOURNAL
Prints more want ads than any other paper of like circulation in the world.
Journal Want Ads bring results.

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PENSACOLA, FLORIDA, SUNDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 10, 1918.

PRICE FIVE CENTS

KAISER ABDICATES

PRINCE MAXIMILIAN REGENT PEACE PARTY IS IN CONTROL SOCIALIST FOR CHANCELLOR

Imperial Chancellor Issues Decree Announcing That the Kaiser Has Decided to Renounce the Throne and Son Does Likewise.

REGENT PROPOSES IMMEDIATE REFORMS

Advocates Constitutional German National Assembly and Establishment of a Law Providing Immediate General Suffrage.

(Associated Press)

William Hohenzollern, German emperor and king of Prussia has abdicated.

Official announcement to this effect was sent out by wireless from Berlin.

For the period of regency, Friedrich Ebert, socialist and president of the main committee of the reichstag, will be chancellor, Prince Maximilian announced.

With the passing from power of William Hohenzollern, all heads of the central powers when the war begun, have died or lost their thrones.

The other European emperor at the beginning of the war, Nicholas Romanoff, was deposed in March, 1917, and murdered in July, 1918.

The red flag of revolution waving over a continually increasing area in Germany.

Generals Haig, Petain and Pershing continue liberation of French territory and further advances have been made all along the line from Mons to east of the Meuse.

PRINCE MAXIMILIAN APPOINTED REGENT OF GERMAN EMPIRE

Amsterdam, Nov. 9.—(Havas Agency)—Prince Maximilian, of Baden, has been appointed regent of the empire, Berlin newspapers have semi-officially announced.

TEXT OF THE DECREE ANNOUNCING ABDICATION

London, Nov. 9.—The decree of Prince Maximilian, imperial chancellor, announcing the kaiser's abdication follows:

"The kaiser and king has decided to renounce the throne."

"The imperial chancellor will remain in office until questions connected with the abdication of the kaiser, the renouncing by the crown prince of the throne of the German empire and of Prussia, and the setting up of a regency have been settled."

For the regency he intends to appoint Deputy Ebert as imperial chancellor and he proposes that a bill shall be brought in for the establishment of a law providing for immediate proclamation of general suffrage and for a constitutional German national assembly, which will settle finally the future form of the government of the German nation and of those peoples which might be desirous of coming within the empire."

(Berlin, Nov. 9, 1918.)

(Signed) "The Imperial Chancellor"

DUKE OF BRUNSWICK JOINS IN ABDICATION

London, Nov. 9.—A telegram received at Copenhagen from Brunswick via Berlin asserts that Emperor William's son-in-law, the Duke of Brunswick and his successor, has abdicated.

Another dispatch from Amsterdam says Berlin banks have stopped payments.

GOVERNMENT ARRESTS THIRTEEN ON ALLEGED LUMBER SWINDLE

New York, Nov. 8.—With the arrests of 13 officers and employees of the Lumber and Supply Company today, it is disclosed by Federal agents that an alleged conspiracy, has been in progress to defraud the government of thousands of dollars through not delivering lumber for which the government has paid.

GERMAN REVOLUTION IS SPREADING WITHOUT BLOODSHED

Amsterdam, Nov. 9.—Latest advices received here confirm the reports that the revolutionary movement in Cologne is gradually spreading throughout the entire western part of Germany, thus far the revolt orderly, with no bloodshed.

MAXIMILIAN APPOINTED SEMI-OFFICIALLY ANNOUNCED

Amsterdam, Nov. 9.—(Reuters)—It is semi-officially reported in reichstag circles that Prince Maximilian is to be appointed regent of the empire, according to Berlin advices.

VERSAILLES AS IT APPEARS TODAY



Just beyond Paris, Versailles, where terms of surrender for the central powers have been drafted has had to take precautions against air raids and long distance bombardments. Note the statuary in front of the palace, protected from shells like a public fountain sheathed for a hard winter.

FRENCH LOOK FOR GERMAN CAPITULATION

CONSERVATIVE FRENCH OPINION BELIEVES GERMANS WILL GIVE UP WITHIN NEXT TWO DAYS. THINK REVOLUTION SPREADING.

Paris, Nov. 9.—French opinion, which is remarkably restrained and conservative, is unanimous in the view that Germany will capitulate between now and Monday.

There is no tendency to exaggerate happenings in Germany, but it is felt that the Germans have had enough to make it imperative for the government to make peace at the earliest possible moment.

M. Copies, writing in the Figaro, fairly sums up the views of all editorial writers when he says:

"The details of revolutionary movements in Germany are lacking, but we learn enough from hour to hour to feel ahead that they are neither superficial nor fictitious. Do they contain deep-set revolution? Are they but riots due to the reaction of defeat? What authority does the republic proclaimed at Muffinich possess? These are questions which concern Germany alone."

While Germany is reflecting on the allies' terms, Marshal Foch continues his blows without intermission. The German army may break at any moment. There were signs of a new retreat from the Scheldt yesterday and the French are along the Meuse over a front of fifteen miles. The alternative for Germany now is armistice or invasion—not evasion.

ABDICATION OF KAISER CAUSES NO INTEREST

Washington Not Concerned With Action of German Royal Family

TOO LATE TO CHANGE TERMS

Military Program of the United States and Allies Not To Be Altered

Washington, Nov. 9.—The tremendous news from Germany that the kaiser had decided to abdicate was heard in Washington with scarcely more than a ripple of interest.

Everywhere the question asked was: "Has the armistice been signed?"

So far as the American government knows late tonight it has not been signed and the prevailing belief here is that the German answer to Marshal Foch could not be expected before tomorrow.

To members of the government and diplomats who, a few short weeks ago, would have been amazed and gratified beyond belief, the announcement that William had bowed before the will of the world was accepted as a thing to be expected.

One thing officials emphasized was that whatever might happen with Germany at this late date, would make no difference in the military program of the allied and American governments. There will be no modification of the surrender terms.

As to the effect of the kaiser's abdication on the speed with which the German reply will be sent to Marshal Foch, no one was prepared to speak with confidence.

It is a recognized possibility that the socialists, apparently taking the reins laid down by war lords, might attempt to make their ascendancy the basis of another appeal for discussion of modifications of the surrender conditions, but the allies' minds are fully made up. The terms of armistice will be sufficient guarantee that the Germans will not again endanger their neighbors while an authoritative government is being set up.

PRESIDENT ASKS ALL TO SUPPORT WAR WORK DRIVE

Washington, Nov. 9.—President Wilson, in a letter to Dr. Mott, Director General of the United War Work Campaign, which will begin its drive Monday for \$170,000,000, expressed the hope that the American people will give prompt and generous response to the appeal.

Peace will be followed by a long period of demobilization, the president said, during which there for the constructive work of these organizations will be quite as great as in war times.

ANZAC POET TO BE FEATURE OF SUNDAY SING

SIGNALER THOMAS SKEYHILL—FAMED HERO—WILL MAKE HIS ONLY FLORIDA ADDRESS AT BIG COMMUNITY SING.

Pensacola will turn out en masse this afternoon to hear Signaller Thomas Skeyhill, who will speak at 3:30 o'clock at the Community Sing, which will be held at the Elks' Plaza, under the direction of song-leader, Elda H. Boyer.

In addition to the talk by the famous Anzac poet, the sing will be featured by the music of the Naval Air Station band, and a visit from the Blimp, which will distribute literature in relation to the United War Work campaign, which will be launched tomorrow.

Mr. Boyer returned last night from Mobile, where he spent the past week in connection with his work as song director of the army posts of this section.

A program of patriotic songs and music has been specially prepared in honor of the distinguished soldier who comes to Pensacola in the interest of the United War Drive.

The program, which will start promptly at 3:30 o'clock, instead of 4:00 o'clock, will be as follows:

1. Selection by Naval Air Station Band.
2. Le Marsailles.
3. Hail, Hail, The Gang's All Here.
4. Where Do We Go From Here.
5. Katy.
6. We're Building a Bridge to Berlin.
7. Over There.
8. It's A Long Way To Berlin.
9. Joan of Arc.
10. Trombone Solo by Band Master Heinrich.
11. Good Morning, Mr. Zip, Zip, Zip!
12. There's A Long, Long Trail.
13. Good-bye Gulf Coast Hello France.
14. Battle Hymn of the Republic.
15. Tim Reoney's At The Fightin'.
16. Bing! Bang! Bing! 'Em On The Rhine.
17. The Star Spangled Banner.

Signaller Thomas Skeyhill, who comes direct from Atlanta to Pensacola, will leave on the evening train for New York, where he is booked to speak at the Metropolitan opera house in the interest of the United War Work drive. He is famed not only as a poet and speaker, but has seen service in Egypt, Palestine, Africa, France and Italy. He was wounded at Tripoli and has many interesting experiences to which he introduces his audience through the medium of eloquent speech and a wonderful gift of imagery.

GERMANS SHELL AMERICANS WITH LONG RANGE GUNS

With the Americans on the Sedan Front, Nov. 9.—(Associated Press.)—The Americans today advanced pretty much everywhere along their line, exclusively from large calibre guns, including withdrawal to higher positions, and shelling from positions a great distance away.

This evening the Americans are in complete control of both sides of the Meuse and have occupied Remolville Wood.

SWISS BREAK RELATIONS WITH RUSSIAN SOVIETS

Berne, Nov. 9.—The Swiss federal council has decided to break off all relations with the Russian soviet mission, according to an official announcement from Berlin. These cities, however, are not wholly in the hands of the mutineers, the statement adds. At Madgesburg the garrison resisted.

NAVAL STATIONS ORDERED TO CEASE SUNDAY WORK

Washington, Nov. 9.—The navy today issued an order discontinuing until further notice all Sunday work in navy yards and other shore stations of the navy. The order becomes effective tomorrow.

ALLIES TO FEED VICTIMS OF WAR

Washington, Nov. 9.—Immediate arrangements are to be made by the American and allied governments for supplying food necessary for rehabilitation of the people of Northern France and Belgium and the demoralized population of Southern Europe. America's part in the program will be under direction of Herbert Hoover, who is expected to proceed to Europe at once to begin the task. Hoover, it is learned, will be accompanied by Chairman Hurley of the Shipping Board, who will be able to furnish instant information as to the shipping facilities which the United States can supply.

AUSTRIA FAILS TO MEET NAVAL ARMISTICE CONDITIONS

Rome, Nov. 9.—A wireless message by the commander-in-chief of the Italian navy says the naval clauses of the Austro-Hungarian armistice treaty, the time of which elapsed Friday, have not been complied with.

The part of the navy agreed on has not surrendered, it is said.

SHIP STRIKES MINE, THIRTY-SEVEN MISSING

Ocean City, Maryland, Nov. 9.—Twenty minutes after striking what is believed to have been a mine, the American Steamer Saetia, 5,000 tons, sank 25 miles off shore here this morning. Thirty-seven members of the crew are missing. Forty-seven landed here this afternoon.

FIRE TRUCKS RESPOND TO FALSE ALAR

The fire trucks responded to a call from West Zarragossa street shortly after midnight last night, but could discover no blaze.

PROGRAM FOR VICTORY DRIVE MOLINO FAIR STARTS WITH IS ANNOUNCED BIG PARADE

All In Readiness for Opening of County Agricultural Exhibit November 19

MANY FEATURE EVENTS PLANNED

Governor Catts and Agricultural Extension Agent Will Make Addresses

The program for the Escambia county fair has been completed, and buildings and exhibits will be in readiness for the opening on Tuesday, November 19th.

The day will be featured by an address by Governor Sidney J. Catts, and addresses by C. G. Hall, Mayor of Molino, who will welcome the exhibitors and visitors, and L. W. Hardy, president and manager, who will talk on the fair and its purpose. On the evening of Governor's Day, William James, agricultural expert will make an address.

The last day of the fair will be Club Day, at which G. L. Herrington and L. M. Rhodes will make addresses.

L. W. Hardy spent the past week traveling about the county in the interest of the fair, and says that there will be some splendid individual agricultural exhibits, and some fine poultry. He urges the co-operation of farmers and business men, pointing out that the county exhibits will later be carried to the Jacksonville fair, and will do much to advertise Escambia county.

Mr. Hardy says that while the community exhibits will be good, the chief interest of the fair will centre upon the individual entries, some of which rank with the best ever grown in this section, and all reflecting credit upon the farmers of the county.

Mr. Hardy points out that it is through these fine exhibits from the individual farmer that the big exhibit will be made up for the Jacksonville fair, at which the National Farmers' congress will convene. Mr. Hardy will take the Escambia exhibit to Jacksonville, and believes that it will do much towards giving desirable publicity to this section, as men who attend the farmers congress will come from every section of the United States.

FOCH READ PEACE TERMS TO GERMAN EMISSARIES

Paris, Nov. 9.—5 a. m. Germany's armistice delegates were received by Marshal Foch in a railroad car, in which the commander-in-chief of the allied force has his headquarters, according to the Petit Journal. When the German's credentials had been opened and verified, Marthias Erzberger, leader of the enemy delegation, and H. H. Thompson, announced that the German government had been advised by President Wilson that Marshal Foch was qualified to communicate to them the allies' conditions and had appointed them plenipotentiaries to take cognizance of the terms and eventually sign the armistice.

Marshal Foch then read the terms in a loud voice, dwelling upon each word. The Germans were prepared by semi-official communications for the stipulations, as a whole, but hearing set forth in detail the concrete demands seemed to bring to them for the first time full realization of the extent of the German defeat.

They made a few observations, merely pointing out material difficulties standing in the way of carrying out some quite secondary clauses. Then Erzberger asked for a suspension of hostilities in the interests of humanity. This request Marshal Foch flatly refused.

The delegates, having obtained permission to send a courier to Spa and communicate with that place by wireless, withdrew. Marsh Foch immediately wrote an account of the proceedings and sent them by an aide to Premier Clemenceau, who received them at noon.

The German delegates are lodged in a country mansion at Rethondes, six miles east of Compiègne, and thirty miles from Marshal Foch's headquarters.

With the commander-in-chief at the time of the interview was Major General Maxime Weygand, his assistant; Vice Admiral Rosslyn Wemyss, first lord of the British admiralty, and Vice Admiral William S. Sims, American representative.

GERMAN REVOLT IS GAINING MOMENTUM

Copenhagen, Nov. 9.—(Associated Press.)—Rebellions have occurred in Hanover, Cologne, Brunswick and Madgesburg, according to an official announcement from Berlin. These cities, however, are not wholly in the hands of the mutineers, the statement adds. At Madgesburg the garrison resisted.

Pensacola Campaign for Funds to Open With Assembly of Workers.

COMMITTEES ARE NAMED

Large Body of Volunteers Will Make Canvass to Raise City's Quota.

The United War Work Drive, which will be carried forward this week, will be formally launched on Monday morning at eleven o'clock, with a great mass meeting at the city hall, to be followed by a parade.

City chairman Wentworth, requests that every chairman of the soliciting committee be at the city hall promptly at ten o'clock; chairmen are requested to notify members of their committees to meet at the city hall at eleven o'clock.

Merchants of the city will decorate their buildings with the American colors and pennants, in honor of the Victory parade, which will take place immediately after the rally at the city hall, at which one of the most noted speakers and song leaders in the country, O. E. Sellers, of Chicago, will speak.

Following are the committees who will take part in the drive to raise Escambia's quota of \$65,000.00.

E. R. Malone, district chairman; I. H. Allen, county chairman; George P. Wentworth, city chairman.

W. B. Ferriss, Y. M. C. A.; Mrs. J. F. Dusenbury, Y. W. C. A.; John B. Jones, K. of C.; P. K. Yonge, W. C. S.; C. F. Zeek, A. L. A.; Captain R. E. Bergen, Salvation Army. Mrs. H. S. McIlwain, is secretary and J. W. Dorr, treasurer. The committee chairmen are: C. E. Hervey, Luncheon; Sidney P. Levy, Stunts; C. W. Lamar, Publicity and Advertising; Wm. Fisher, speakers; Henry Hyer, flying squad; Mrs. J. S. McGaughey, ladies; Gus Etzen, colored; W. K. Hyer, boys; E. Hunter Brown, Industrial; W. H. Watson, Committees.

The soliciting committees are as follows:

No. 1, D. B. Gonzalez, W. L. Moyer and Harry Kahn.

No. 2, Thomas J. Hanlon, William Blumer and R. C. Willoughby.

No. 3, J. G. Holtzclaw, W. B. Logan and Sherry McAdams.

No. 4, J. Wallace Lamar, A. T. Bark and Felo McAllister.

No. 6, Morris Levy, Alex Friedman and Leslie Partridge.

No. 7, H. E. Root, J. D. Carrol and D. J. Hayes.

No. 9, C. B. Hervey, J. M. Muldon and H. H. Thornton.

No. 11, Jos. V. Riera, Edmund Fox and Simon Waggenheim.

No. 12, S. A. Leonard, J. A. Avant and Wilmer Haywood.

No. 15, J. L. Hendricks, George W. Howe and William Wilson.

No. 16, Thomas W. Brent, C. H. Turner and J. F. Taylor.

No. 17, Edward Forschetter, John Jones and H. R. Cook.

No. 18, George Angeles and Nick Gallachinos.

No. 19, Ben Clutter, Dan Oppenheimer and Ben S. Hancock.

No. 21, J. H. Sherrill, A. M. Cohen and George Emmanuel.

No. 22, W. C. Dufferderfer, Marco White and Roscoe Wallace.

The high school and the two grammar schools will give the boys and girls liberty at eleven o'clock Monday morning, in order that they may participate in the parade.

Mrs. J. S. McGaughey, chairman of the Woman's Committee, urges every chairman and member of the Woman's Committee to be at the city hall promptly at eleven o'clock, and to take part afterwards in the parade.

The officers of the woman's committee are: Mrs. J. S. McGaughey, Countess (Continued on Page Two.)

SALE ANNOUNCED OF GERMAN OWNED FLORIDA CONCERNS

New York, Nov. 9.—An additional list of businesses in which German owned interests are to be sold by the American government during January and February, was announced today by Alien Enemy Property Custodian A. Mitchell Palmer. With the concerns previously listed, the businesses to be sold are valued at more than \$200,000.00.

Included in the new list is the German-American Lumber company, Millville, Fla., which Palmer said was an important link in the German economic espionage system in the United States, though it is now building ships for the United States Shipping Board. The Lutz Shipping company, of Millville, is also to be sold.